Public Sector Labor Relations Under Siege: Union Transformation or Retrenchment?

Richard W. Hurd
Professor of Labor Studies
Associate Dean, for External Relations
ILR School
Cornell University

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Public Sector Labor Relations Under Siege: Legislative or Executive Actions

- Weaken or eliminate bargaining rights
- Limit subjects of bargaining
- Limit union political activity
- Restrict or eliminate dues deduction
- 'Right-to-Work' laws
- Targeted attacks on education/teachers
- Mandate cuts in pay/benefits/employment

Public Sector Labor Relations Circa 2000

- Union density stable at 35%
- Budgetary pressures
- Reorganizing government
- Republican right attack
 - o George W. Bush
 - o Heritage Foundation

Strategic Priorities of Public Sector Unions Circa 2000

- Intensify political action
- Fight privatization
- Expand organizing activity
- Pursue partnership with management
- Preserve bargaining effectiveness
- Support broad labor movement revitalization

"The threats faced by public sector unions today are eerily similar to those ignored by private sector unions twenty years ago: Privatization, reinventing government, a changing public sector workforce, antigovernment forces on Capitol Hill and in state houses, union myopia, and member apathy..."

-Richard W Hurd August, 2002

Responding to the Public Sector Challenge: Complications

- Recession induced loss of jobs
- Reduced membership and dues revenue
- Increased personnel expenses
 - o Generous pay, pensions and health insurance
 - o Increasing pool of retirees
- Increased demands from members in context of prevailing political / economic environment

Private Sector Union Transformation Initiatives: 1990 - 2010

- The Organizing Model
- New Voice
- 'Changing to Organize, Organizing for Change'
- Voice at Work
- Change to Win
- Employee Free Choice Act (EFCA)

Union Transformation Categories

- Strategic Rigidity
- Organizational Evolution
- Organizational Combustion
- Inclusive Unionism

Barriers to Union Transformation

- The structural fix temptation
- Strategic rigidity/denial
- Lack of clarity
- Resistance from elected leaders, members and staff
- The servicing magnet
- Burnout, apathy
- Internal dissonance
- Conflicting values

Specific Components of Successful Union Transformation

- Priority attention to building internal political will and support for change
- Member, leader and staff reticence addressed directly
- Resource shift in the context of a strategic plan
- Simultaneous attention to traditional representation and new priorities
- Increased involvement of all those affected
- Re-discovery of the original spirit of the organizing model

Forces Driving Successful Union Transformation

- Institutional support

 Strategic leadership from above
- Network mobilization
 - o Local efforts to organize, build coalitions and expand scope of grassroots political action

Figure 1: Organizational Change in Unions

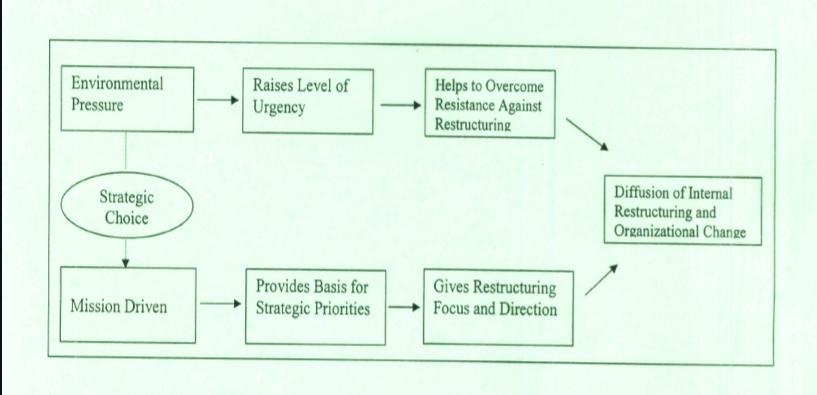
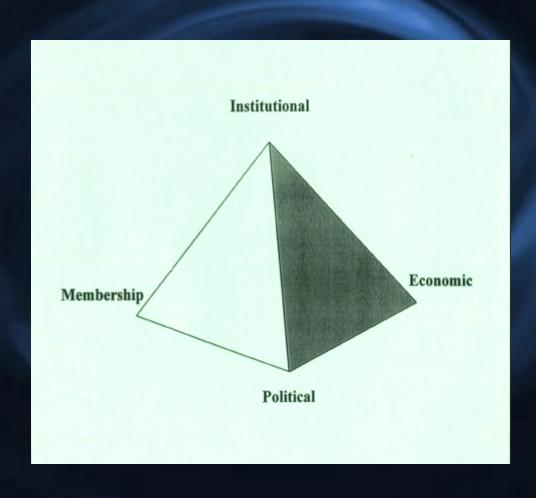


Figure 2: Four Dimensions of Union Revitalization

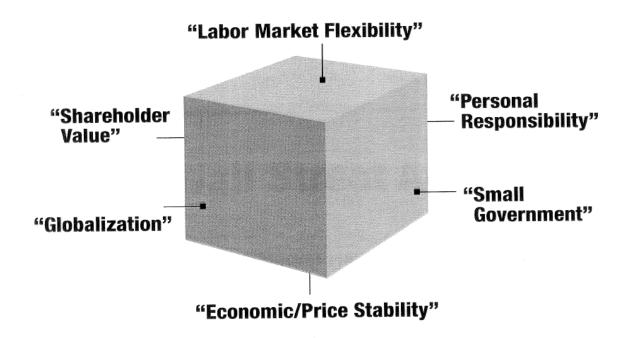


Political Action and Union Revitalization

- U.S. union political action
 - o Links to Democrats, voter mobilization, lobbying
- Limits of reliance on Democrats
 - o Weak party discipline, embrace of neoliberal policies
- Returns for electoral success:
 - o Increasingly meager
- Impact of lobbying:
 - o Context dependent, limited potential
- Decentralized unions and declining density contribute to loss of influence in U.S.
- Globally union political power associated with general strikes and social pacts

The Neoliberal Box

The Wall Street Agenda



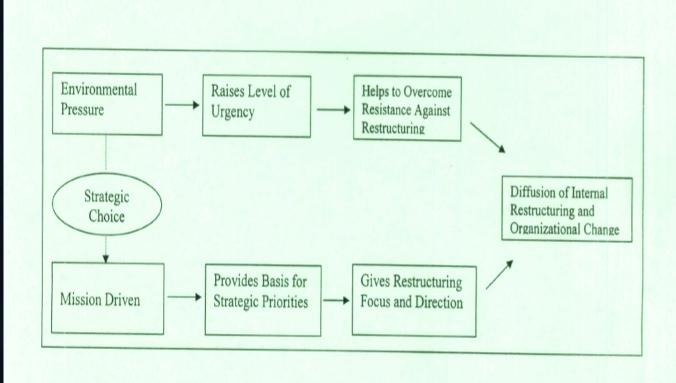
Labor Movement Perspectives on Neoliberalism

- Agreement and support:
 - o viewing neoliberal globalization as benign and progressive, and following a mutual gains agenda
- Conditional support:
 - o advocating for protection for members and the industries that employ them
- Social democratic opposition:
 - o advocating policies to mitigate negative outcomes and promote some semblance of equity
- Socialist opposition:
 - resistance to globalization and national neoliberal policies, and advocating socialism as the only acceptable alternative

Social Justice Unionism

- Aggressive opposition to neoliberalism
- Promotion of social democratic alternatives
- Advocacy for an inclusive society
 - Equal rights for women, minorities, gays and immigrants
- Grassroots mobilization around social justice ideals
- Coalitions to promote a just society
- Alternative structures where necessary
- Focus on democracy, voice, fairness
 - o Avoid anti-rich rhetoric

Figure 1: Organizational Change in Unions



Union Transformation Categories

- Strategic Rigidity
 - o Focus on traditional representation, retrench as dictated by budget realities
- Organizational Evolution
 - o Striving for stability while pursuing modest adjustments
- Organizational Combustion
 - o Non-starter for public sector unions
- Inclusive Unionism
 - o Most promising path to revitalization